Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Propan-1-aminium 3,4,5,6-tetrachloro-2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoate

Jian Li

Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: ljwfu@163.com

Received 28 January 2011; accepted 9 February 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.054; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.1.

In the anion of the title salt, $C_3H_{10}N^+ \cdot C_9H_3Cl_4O_4^-$, the methoxycarbonyl and carboxyl groups are aligned at dihedral angles of 57.8 (3) and 62.5 (3)°, respectively, with the aromatic ring. In the crystal, the cations and anions are linked by N-H···O hydrogen bonds, generating chains running aong the *c* axis.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Li (2011); Liang (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_3H_{10}N^+ \cdot C_9H_3Cl_4O_4^-$
$M_r = 377.03$
Monoclinic, C2/c
a = 28.387 (3) Å

b = 14.9600 (13) Å
c = 7.8054 (6) Å
$\beta = 93.216 \ (1)^{\circ}$
V = 3309.5 (5) Å ³

Z = 8Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.73 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 1997)
$T_{\rm min} = 0.726, T_{\rm max} = 0.851$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$ 193 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.135$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.02 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.37$ e Å $^{-3}$ 2920 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.20$ e Å $^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots $	4
$N1 - H1A \cdots O4$	0.89	2.22	2.938 (4)	137	_
$N1 - H1A \cdots O4^{i}$	0.89	2.41	2.984 (4)	123	
$N1 - H1B \cdot \cdot \cdot O3^{ii}$	0.89	1.98	2.845 (4)	164	
$N1 - H1C \cdot \cdot \cdot O3^{iii}$	0.89	2.05	2.894 (4)	159	
Symmetry codes: $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.	(i) $-x + 1, y$	$z, -z + \frac{1}{2};$ (ii)	-x + 1, -y + 1	, -z + 1; (iii)

T = 298 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.069$

 $0.47 \times 0.32 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$

8267 measured reflections 2920 independent reflections

1405 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The author thanks Shandong Provincial Natural Science Foundation, China (ZR2009BL027) for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5113).

References

Bruker (1997). SADABS, SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Li, J. (2011). Acta Cryst. E67, o200. Liang, Z.-P. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, o2416. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112–122. Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148–155. supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o630 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811004879]

Propan-1-aminium 3,4,5,6-tetrachloro-2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoate

J. Li

Comment

We have been studying synthesis of 4,5,6,7-tetrachloro-2-propylisoindoline-1,3-dione. In the present work, the reaction of 2-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrachlorobenzoic acid and propylamine in methanol is expected to yield 4,5,6,7-tetrachlorob-2-propylisoindoline-1,3-dione. However, the product is propylaminium 2-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrachlorobenzoate (Scheme I, Fig. 1), the reason may be shorter time and cooler temperature in the reaction. The asymmetric unit of the title compound (I) contains one propylaminium cation and one 2-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrachlorobenzoate anion (Fig. 1). The cation adopts N—C—C torsion angle of -178.6 (3) °, the dihedral angles of benzene ring with the methoxycarbonyl and carboxylate groups are 57.8 (3) and 62.5 (3) °, respectively, in the antion. The bond lengths and angles are in agreement with those in ethylammonium 2-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrabromobenzoate (Li, 2011) and in ethane-1,2-diammonium bis(2-(methoxycarbonyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrabromobenzoate) methanol solvate (Liang, 2008). In the crystal structure the cations and anions are connected by intermolecular N—H…O hydrogen bonds into one-dimensional chains along [001](Fig. 2 and Table 1).

Experimental

A mixture of 4,5,6,7-tetrachloroisobenzofuran-1,3-dione (2.86 g, 0.01 mol) and methanol (15 ml) was refluxed for 0.5 h. And then Propylamine (0.59 g, 0.01 mol) was added to the above solution, being mixed round for 10 min at room temperature. And then the solution was kept at room temperature for 5 d. Natural evaporation gave colourless single crystals of the title compound, suitable for X-ray analysis.

Refinement

H atoms were initially located from difference maps and then refined in a riding model with C—H = 0.96–0.97 Å, N—H = 0.89 Å, O—H = 0.82Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ or $1.5U_{eq}(O, N, \text{methyl C})$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), drawn with 30% probability ellipsoids.



Fig. 2. The crystal packing of (I), viewed along c axis. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines.

Propan-1-aminium 3,4,5,6-tetrachloro-2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoate

Crystal data

$C_{3}H_{10}N^{+}C_{9}H_{3}Cl_{4}O_{4}^{-}$	F(000) = 1536
$M_r = 377.03$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.513 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, C2/c	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 28.387 (3) Å	Cell parameters from 1429 reflections
b = 14.9600 (13) Å	$\theta = 2.9 - 23.7^{\circ}$
c = 7.8054 (6) Å	$\mu = 0.73 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 93.216 (1)^{\circ}$	T = 298 K
$V = 3309.5 (5) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, colorless
Z = 8	$0.47 \times 0.32 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$
b = 14.9600 (13) Å c = 7.8054 (6) Å $\beta = 93.216 (1)^{\circ}$ $V = 3309.5 (5) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 8	$\theta = 2.9-23.7^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.73 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 298 \text{ K}$ Block, colorless $0.47 \times 0.32 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART diffractometer	2920 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1405 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.069$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1997)	$h = -23 \rightarrow 33$
$T_{\min} = 0.726, T_{\max} = 0.851$	$k = -17 \rightarrow 17$
8267 measured reflections	$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.02	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0475P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2920 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
193 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.37 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

0 restraints

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Cl1	0.50360 (3)	0.81553 (7)	0.52072 (18)	0.0958 (5)
Cl2	0.55595 (5)	0.99424 (7)	0.6113 (3)	0.1375 (7)
C13	0.66359 (4)	0.99436 (7)	0.6998 (2)	0.1342 (7)
Cl4	0.72101 (4)	0.81799 (7)	0.68593 (18)	0.0961 (5)
N1	0.44237 (10)	0.58365 (18)	0.4533 (4)	0.0630 (9)
H1A	0.4637	0.6137	0.3968	0.095*
H1B	0.4443	0.5257	0.4286	0.095*
H1C	0.4480	0.5915	0.5657	0.095*
01	0.68601 (9)	0.63305 (17)	0.7732 (4)	0.0749 (8)
02	0.66423 (10)	0.5995 (2)	0.5002 (4)	0.0908 (10)
03	0.56435 (9)	0.59345 (17)	0.6786 (4)	0.0749 (8)
O4	0.54157 (9)	0.63029 (17)	0.4104 (4)	0.0710 (8)
C1	0.66366 (13)	0.6473 (3)	0.6217 (7)	0.0604 (11)
C2	0.56159 (12)	0.6450 (2)	0.5521 (6)	0.0530 (10)
C3	0.63685 (11)	0.7345 (2)	0.6219 (5)	0.0527 (10)
C4	0.58827 (12)	0.7341 (2)	0.5810 (5)	0.0522 (9)
C5	0.56380 (12)	0.8150 (2)	0.5743 (5)	0.0665 (12)
C6	0.58697 (14)	0.8952 (2)	0.6135 (6)	0.0797 (14)
C7	0.63492 (14)	0.8952 (2)	0.6518 (6)	0.0779 (13)
C8	0.66020 (12)	0.8156 (2)	0.6525 (5)	0.0619 (11)
C9	0.71825 (15)	0.5576 (3)	0.7804 (7)	0.1017 (16)
H9A	0.7007	0.5031	0.7637	0.153*
H9B	0.7352	0.5562	0.8904	0.153*
H9C	0.7402	0.5635	0.6919	0.153*
C10	0.39403 (12)	0.6172 (2)	0.4012 (5)	0.0634 (11)
H10A	0.3714	0.5914	0.4756	0.076*
H10B	0.3856	0.5984	0.2846	0.076*
C11	0.39174 (14)	0.7179 (2)	0.4118 (5)	0.0731 (12)
H11A	0.4139	0.7436	0.3354	0.088*
H11B	0.4010	0.7367	0.5278	0.088*
C12	0.34187 (16)	0.7531 (3)	0.3628 (6)	0.0944 (15)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

H12A	0.3335	0.7382	0.2454	0.142*
H12B	0.3413	0.8168	0.3767	0.142*
H12C	0.3197	0.7262	0.4357	0.142*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0429 (6)	0.0713 (7)	0.1698 (14)	0.0085 (5)	-0.0226 (7)	-0.0073 (7)
C12	0.0788 (9)	0.0531 (7)	0.276 (2)	0.0161 (6)	-0.0340 (11)	-0.0109 (9)
C13	0.0782 (9)	0.0619 (7)	0.259 (2)	-0.0211 (6)	-0.0221 (10)	-0.0134 (9)
Cl4	0.0379 (6)	0.0906 (8)	0.1587 (13)	-0.0099 (5)	-0.0041 (7)	-0.0034 (8)
N1	0.053 (2)	0.0559 (18)	0.080 (2)	-0.0011 (15)	0.0030 (17)	-0.0029 (17)
01	0.0562 (17)	0.0818 (19)	0.085 (2)	0.0207 (14)	-0.0071 (16)	0.0062 (16)
O2	0.087 (2)	0.090 (2)	0.094 (3)	0.0328 (17)	-0.0111 (18)	-0.0228 (19)
03	0.085 (2)	0.0574 (17)	0.083 (2)	-0.0072 (14)	0.0046 (16)	0.0042 (16)
O4	0.0572 (17)	0.0811 (19)	0.073 (2)	-0.0115 (14)	-0.0083 (15)	-0.0113 (16)
C1	0.041 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.081 (4)	0.0008 (19)	-0.001 (2)	0.002 (2)
C2	0.035 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.075 (3)	-0.0007 (17)	0.005 (2)	0.000 (2)
C3	0.039 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.071 (3)	0.0034 (18)	-0.0019 (18)	0.0013 (19)
C4	0.042 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.067 (3)	-0.0035 (18)	-0.0029 (18)	0.0037 (19)
C5	0.038 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.106 (4)	0.0011 (18)	-0.008 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C6	0.047 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.141 (4)	0.0082 (19)	-0.010 (3)	-0.002 (2)
C7	0.053 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.130 (4)	-0.009 (2)	-0.009 (3)	0.002 (2)
C8	0.033 (2)	0.062 (2)	0.090 (3)	-0.0047 (18)	-0.003 (2)	0.003 (2)
C9	0.071 (3)	0.101 (3)	0.132 (4)	0.040 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.032 (3)
C10	0.050 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.081 (3)	-0.0034 (18)	0.000 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C11	0.076 (3)	0.062 (3)	0.081 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.002 (2)
C12	0.080 (3)	0.087 (3)	0.115 (4)	0.022 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.005 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C5	1.736 (3)	C4—C5	1.396 (4)
Cl2—C6	1.724 (4)	C5—C6	1.393 (5)
Cl3—C7	1.723 (4)	C6—C7	1.377 (5)
Cl4—C8	1.732 (3)	С7—С8	1.391 (5)
N1—C10	1.496 (4)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
N1—H1A	0.8900	С9—Н9В	0.9600
N1—H1B	0.8900	С9—Н9С	0.9600
N1—H1C	0.8900	C10-C11	1.510 (5)
O1—C1	1.327 (5)	C10—H10A	0.9700
01—C9	1.453 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9700
O2—C1	1.189 (4)	C11—C12	1.538 (5)
O3—C2	1.251 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9700
O4—C2	1.234 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C1—C3	1.511 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C2—C4	1.544 (5)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C3—C8	1.396 (4)	C12—H12C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.398 (4)		

C10—N1—H1A	109.5	C7—C8—C3	120.2 (3)
C10—N1—H1B	109.5	C7—C8—C14	119.5 (3)
H1A—N1—H1B	109.5	C3—C8—Cl4	120.2 (3)
C10—N1—H1C	109.5	О1—С9—Н9А	109.5
H1A—N1—H1C	109.5	О1—С9—Н9В	109.5
H1B—N1—H1C	109.5	Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.5
C1—O1—C9	115.3 (3)	О1—С9—Н9С	109.5
O2—C1—O1	126.0 (4)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
O2—C1—C3	123.4 (4)	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
O1—C1—C3	110.7 (4)	N1-C10-C11	111.2 (3)
O4—C2—O3	127.1 (3)	N1-C10-H10A	109.4
O4—C2—C4	118.8 (4)	C11—C10—H10A	109.4
O3—C2—C4	114.1 (4)	N1-C10-H10B	109.4
C8—C3—C4	119.7 (3)	C11—C10—H10B	109.4
C8—C3—C1	121.1 (3)	H10A-C10-H10B	108.0
C4—C3—C1	119.1 (3)	C10-C11-C12	111.7 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.1 (3)	C10-C11-H11A	109.3
C5—C4—C2	120.3 (3)	C12—C11—H11A	109.3
C3—C4—C2	120.5 (3)	C10-C11-H11B	109.3
C6—C5—C4	120.7 (3)	С12—С11—Н11В	109.3
C6—C5—Cl1	119.7 (3)	H11A—C11—H11B	107.9
C4—C5—Cl1	119.6 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C7—C6—C5	119.8 (3)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
C7—C6—Cl2	120.0 (3)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C5—C6—Cl2	120.2 (3)	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	120.2 (3)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C7—Cl3	119.8 (3)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C8—C7—C13	120.0 (3)		
C9—O1—C1—O2	7.9 (6)	C4—C5—C6—C7	2.9 (7)
C9—O1—C1—C3	-171.6 (3)	Cl1—C5—C6—C7	-178.3 (4)
O2—C1—C3—C8	-119.1 (4)	C4—C5—C6—Cl2	-178.0 (3)
O1—C1—C3—C8	60.5 (5)	Cl1—C5—C6—Cl2	0.8 (6)
O2—C1—C3—C4	57.3 (6)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.4 (7)
O1—C1—C3—C4	-123.1 (4)	Cl2—C6—C7—C8	-179.5 (4)
C8—C3—C4—C5	-1.0 (6)	C5—C6—C7—Cl3	179.9 (4)
C1—C3—C4—C5	-177.4 (4)	Cl2—C6—C7—Cl3	0.7 (6)
C8—C3—C4—C2	-178.1 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C3	-2.8 (7)
C1—C3—C4—C2	5.5 (6)	Cl3—C7—C8—C3	176.9 (3)
O4—C2—C4—C5	64.5 (5)	C6—C7—C8—Cl4	175.4 (4)
O3—C2—C4—C5	-117.7 (4)	Cl3—C7—C8—Cl4	-4.9 (6)
O4—C2—C4—C3	-118.5 (4)	C4—C3—C8—C7	3.5 (6)
O3—C2—C4—C3	59.3 (5)	C1—C3—C8—C7	179.8 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-2.2 (6)	C4—C3—C8—Cl4	-174.7 (3)
C2—C4—C5—C6	174.9 (4)	C1—C3—C8—Cl4	1.6 (5)
C3—C4—C5—Cl1	179.1 (3)	N1-C10-C11-C12	-178.6 (3)
C2—C4—C5—Cl1	-3.8 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N1—H1A···O4	0.89	2.22	2.938 (4)	137
N1—H1A···O4 ⁱ	0.89	2.41	2.984 (4)	123
N1—H1B···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.89	1.98	2.845 (4)	164
N1—H1C···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.05	2.894 (4)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, y, -z+1/2; (ii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1; (iii) -x+1, y, -z+3/2.



Fig. 1

Fig. 2

